**MEMORANDUM**

SUBJECT: Recommendations on the Use of the Intermountain West Data Warehouse for Air Quality 2011b Model Platform

FROM: Intermountain West Data Warehouse – Western Air Quality Study Oversight Committee

TO: Intermountain West Data Warehouse Users

DATE: April 20, 2016

The Intermountain West Data Warehouse – Western Air Quality Study (IWDW-WAQS) produced an updated air quality model platform for year 2011 (hereafter referred to as “2011b”). The 2011b model platform and individual components, as described below, have been reviewed and approved by the Cooperators of the study. The model products will be released on April XX, 2016 for use in regional air quality modeling studies by the cooperating agencies and for external users accepting the terms of the IWDW Data Use Agreement and authorized by the Cooperators.

The 2011b model platform replaces the 2011a model platform, and it is recommended that the Cooperators use the products from the 2011b platform in their upcoming air quality studies until additional updates or improvements have been made available through the IWDW. Since the 2011a model platform, the 2011b model platform includes improvements to the emissions, boundary conditions, and model configuration. The [Modeling Protocol](http://vibe.cira.colostate.edu/wiki/Attachments/Modeling/3SAQS_2011_Modeling_Protocol_Finalv2.pdf), [Model Performance Evaluation](http://vibe.cira.colostate.edu/wiki/Attachments/Modeling/3SAQS_Base11a_MPE_Draft_10Nov2014.docx) (MPE), and the Cooperators’ Comments provide additional details on this model platform. These documents are available through the IWDW.

The Cooperators find that the 2011b model platform utilizes the most complete and representative inputs as summarized in the table below, for regional photochemical modeling studies across the Intermountain West. Based on the results of the MPE, the 2011b platform is suitable for regional ozone studies during the warm season. However, as noted in the IWDW Data Use Agreement, the model products provided through the IWDW should be carefully reviewed before using them in a study. The results from the MPE for the 2011b platform indicate model performance issues that users should be informed of when utilizing the model products and interpreting the model results. Some of the model performance issues identified by the Cooperators include:

* + Negative model bias for ozone in May and June.
	+ Positive model bias for ozone in some areas of western Colorado in summer.
	+ Negative model bias for Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) and ozone in winter in areas of intensive oil and gas production in Utah and Wyoming.
	+ The IWDW-WAQS evaluated two different global models (Mozart and GeosChem) for generating boundary conditions at the edges of the 36km North American modeling domain. The boundary conditions generated from each global model were found to produce different MPE results for Particulate Matter and ozone in the IWDW-WAQS study region. The results can be found at: <http://vibe.cira.colostate.edu/wiki/wiki/1043/bc-sensitivity-modeling-results>.
	+ The same model versions should be used in order to obtain similar model performance results. It has been found that more recent versions of WRFCAMx and CAMx produce significant differences in the model performance.

As a result, the Cooperators recommend that users understand these limitations and consider the implications these uncertainties might affect applications of the 2011b model platform as a whole and any of the platform’s individual input files.

The Cooperators also note that the MPE Report for the 2011b platform focuses on analyses and conclusions that are based on statistical metrics that are averaged across multiple sites and multiple days. Evaluations of performance over long time periods and large areas may fail to distinguish specific episodes for which the model either performs especially well or especially poorly. These types of metrics may also cancel out biases and the results may not reflect the model performance on days that may be most relevant to the purpose of the air quality study (e.g., NAAQS ozone attainment demonstrations). Therefore, the Cooperators recommend that, in some cases, users of the model platform should evaluate how well the model performs for specific monitor sites and episodes that are most relevant to their study topic.

All 2011b modeling data and results are available through the IWDW by completing and submitting a Data Request Form and accepting the terms of the Data Use Agreement (http://views.cira.colostate.edu/TSDW/). The 2011b platform consists of data and software for simulating year 2011 air quality over a modeling domain with a 4 km horizontal grid cell resolution focused on the states of Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, and northern New Mexico. The 4 km domain is nested in a 12 km grid cell domain covering the western half of the United States, and it in turn is nested in a 36 km grid cell North American domain.

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| **Type** | **Option** | **Source** | **Description** |
| Model Software | CAMx v6.10 | ENVIRON | Chemistry-transport model configured with CB6r2 photochemistry |
| CMAQ | US EPA | Chemistry-transport model configured with CB05 photochemistry |
| WRF v3.5.1 | NOAA | Regional climate model configured for simulating meteorology over the Inter-mountain West |
| SMOKE v3.5.1 | UNC-IE | Emissions processor for preparing emissions inventory and ancillary data for input to chemistry-transport models |
| Emissions Data | Emissions v2011b | WAQS | 2011 emissions data prepared for CAMx and CMAQ with SMOKE |
| Emissions v2025\_11b | WAQS | 2025 emissions data prepared for CAMx with SMOKE |
| Meteorological Data | Meteorology v2011a | WAQS | 2011 meteorology data estimated with WRF and prepared for CAMx and CMAQ with WRFCAMx and MCIP |
| Initial and Boundary Conditions Data | MOZART ICBCs | NOAA/3SAQS | 2011 Initial/Boundary Conditions from NOAA global GEOS5 MOZART simulations; prepared for CAMx with MZ2CAMx; fine and coarse mode dust and sea salt removed. |
| Other Input Data | Ozone Columns | NASA | Daily ozone column data processed for CAMx using the utility AHOMAPv4 |
| Chemistry Parameters | ENVIRON | CAMxv6.10 chemistry parameters files for CB6r2 and aerosol module C |
| Landuse | ENVIRON | NALC data merged with Leaf Area Index data using ArcGIS macros, Perl, and Fortran |
| Total UV columns | ENVIRON | Daily photolysis rates calculated using TUV v4.8 |
| Other Output Data | CAMx Base11b | WAQS | Output data from a 2011 36/12/4-km domain CAMx simulation with MOZART boundary conditions |
| CMAQ Base11b | WAQS | Output data from a 2011 36/12/4-km domain CMAQ simulation with MOZART boundary conditions |
| CAMx Base25a\_11 | WAQS | Output data from a 2011-based 2025 36/12/4-km domain CAMx simulation with MOZART boundary conditions |
| CMAQ Base25a\_11 | WAQS | Output data from a 2011-based 2025 36/12/4-km domain CMAQ simulation with MOZART boundary conditions |